

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

VOL. XIX.

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN

Steamboat Departures.
Steamer Blue Wing No. 3 leaves every Tuesday and Friday at 8 A. M. for Louisville.
Steamer Wren leaves every Saturday at 12 M. for Cincinnati.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

FRANKFORT AND LOUISVILLE.

On and after May 14th, 1871, trains will leave Frankfort daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:
For Louisville..... 7:43 A. M. 3:37 P. M.
Arrive at Louisville..... 11:50 A. M. 6:35 P. M.
Leave Louisville..... 2:30 P. M. 6:00 A. M.
Arrive at Frankfort..... 7:00 P. M. 9:25 A. M.

Stage Departures.

Leaves
Harrodsburg and Danville (Daily)..... 9:30 A. M.
Shelbyville (Daily)..... 5:00 A. M.
Georgetown and Paris (Tri-Weekly)..... 10:00 A. M.
at Capital Hotel.

Time for Closing the Mails.

First Louisville and Western mail closes at..... 6:30 A. M.
First Lexington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes at..... 8:25 A. M.
Second Louisville and Western mail closes at..... 9:45 P. M.
Second Lexington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes at..... 9:40 P. M.
Danville mail closes at..... 9:40 P. M.
Midway, Versailles, and Georgetown mail closes at..... 8:25 A. M.
Bridgeport and Clay Village mail closes at..... 7:00 A. M.
Parks of Elkton, Great Crossings, and White Sulphur mail closes at..... 9:00 A. M.
Office open from 7 o'clock A. M. to 6:30 P. M.
JAMES G. HATCHITT, P. M.

HENRI DE BOURBON, COMTE DE CHAM-BORD—A SKETCH OF HIS HISTORY—HIS PERSONAL APPEARANCE, HABITS AND DAILY LIFE.

Henri Charles Ferdinand Diomedes, Duke of Bordeaux, was born at the Palace of the Tuileries in Paris, September 29, 1820. He is the son of Charles Ferdinand d'Artois, Duke of Berry, second son of King Charles X and of Marie Caroline de Bourbon, Princess of Naples. The title of Duke of Bordeaux was given him in honor of the city of Bordeaux, where the white flag—the royal standard of the Bourbon family—was hoisted first in the year 1814. The title of Count de Chambord is derived from the Chateau Chambord, which property was acquired by means of public subscription and offered spontaneously by the people in 1821 as a gift to Henri of France. Immediately after the outbreak of the revolution in 1830, when King Charles X was compelled to take flight, he found a first refuge at Rambouillet. There the King and his eldest son, the Duke d'Angoulême, her presumptive to the Crown, abdicated on August 2, 1830, in favor of the Duke of Bordeaux, who, from that date, took the title of Henry V.

LOUIS PHILIPPE'S ELEVATION.

The events of the July revolution brought forward the Duke of Orleans, Louis Philippe, who, while called to exercise the functions of Lieutenant General of the Kingdom, was invested with the trust to obtain from the people the recognition of the claims of the young Prince. Owing to his sagacious management, however, a final refusal of Talleyrand—the crown was tendered to Louis Philippe himself, and accepted by him from the hands of members of the legislative body.

EXILE.

Henri V, therefore, had no alternative but to fly at Holyrood Castle, Scotland, where, in 1833 to Prague, the Capital of Bohemia; thence to Kirchberg, and finally, in 1836, to Goritz in Stryermark, Tyrol, where the old king died in the same year.

The father of Henry V, the Duke de Berry, had been assassinated in February, 1820, several months prior to the birth of the prince, who was thus left to the care of his mother. Assisted by the Comte de Barante, Duke de Levis and the General Latour Foisca, this lady assumed the duty of giving the prince a proper education. He was brought up in an unostentatious way, and with the view to complete his education he remained a long series of years. Accompanied by his preceptors he visited in succession England, Germany, and Italy, settling finally at Rome in the year 1838, where he sojourned at the Conti Palace for a period of several months. He remained in spite of protests and demonstrations made by the Government of France. M. Chabaud-Latour (then ambassador of France accredited to the pope) in a moment of irritability went even so far as to threaten personally the Holy Father, and to intimidate him with menaces in case favors were extended to the prince. Nevertheless, Henri V continued to receive deputations from all points of Europe, especially from France. He was visited by numerous influential friends and adherents, and his advent to public life may be dated from that period. Making his appearance, as he did, before the world as a descendant in direct line of Louis XIV, he challenged consideration.

IN 1843

The Prince moved to London, where, at a residence in Belgrave, a regular pilgrimage of several thousand Frenchmen brought him again conspicuously before the political world. He rose rapidly to some importance, when, towards the end of 1843, Mr. de Larcy, accompanied by four other deputies—Chateaubriand, de Valmy, Berryer, and Fitz James—waited on the prince in London. The event was looked upon as a demonstration of a hostile character, and roused in the highest degree the anger of Mr. Guizot, then Prime Minister of Louis Philippe. The action of the five deputies being denounced in open session, the gentlemen had no alternative but to tender their resignations. In spite of the apparent indignation caused by their Bourbon proclivities, the people re-elected the five deputies. It is worthy of observation that Mr. de Larcy holds under M. Thiers at this moment the portfolio as Minister of Public Works.

IN 1845

the death occurred of the Prince's uncle, the Duke of Angoulême, who, while in exile, had lived under the title of Comte de Marnes. Shortly thereafter the Comte de Chambord notified the great powers and other cabinets that as head of the Bourbons, he protested against the usurpation of power in France, and against the dynastic changes which had taken place—declaring at the same time that he should never, under any circumstances whatsoever, renounce his rights to the throne of France—those rights divine claimed in virtue of his birth and the ancient laws of the country—adding, however, that he was unwilling to exercise those rights until, according to his conscience and to his conviction, the moment had arrived when his presence might veritably become useful to France. Until that moment near he desired to preserve the name and title of Comte de Chambord in his relations with foreign courts. Having launched this notification, the Bourbon family left Goritz and took up a residence at Frohsdorf, the property of an old French family named de Blacas, devotedly attached to the Bourbons.

THE PRINCE MARRIED

November 10, 1845, at Graz, in Tyrol, Maria Theresa, Princess of Modena. The confidential friends of the Prince, especially the Duke de Levis, have often been blamed in having favored the marriage, undue influence being ascribed to those friends. The object of the Princesses are twofold—the Italian blood and

the fact that she is the superior in age by two years. Another cause of lamentation is that the Prince has no heirs. With no succession the race of St. Louis becomes extinct at the demise of Henry V. These facts were severely discussed at the period the marriage took place. They led to much controversy, and a voluminous correspondence evidenced a large amount of irritability among the party.

THE PERSONAL APPEARANCE

of the Count de Chambord is agreeable and without anything striking. Easy and graceful in his movements, with a very slight inclination towards embonpoint, he is in stature slightly above the middle height. A high forehead, remarkably smooth, with a total absence of any signs of care or anxiety; nose slightly aquiline; his eyes are brilliant and penetrating, yet denoting kindness and generosity; his voice is sonorous and peculiarly attractive; his English is unimpeachable. Ever since his marriage he has continued to reside at

PROHSDORF,

and it is regarded as his home. The winter months he usually spends at Venice; the early part of the spring is devoted by the Count and Countess to traveling, while during the summer months and the fall the residence at Frohsdorf is their favorite sojourn; and, while the utmost simplicity prevails throughout all the arrangements of a comfortable home, no sacrifice is made to the demands of regal traditions.

An acre of land in London was recently sold for \$3,600,000. On the other hand, a Scotchman lately bought ten thousand acres of land in the Feji Islands for 12 cents an acre.

Violence.—It is noted, says the Macon Telegraph, that tornadoes, cyclones, hurricanes, earthquakes, waterspouts, hailstorms, tremendous rains and floods, loud thunder and fearful lightning, and blighting droughts, scorching heats and bitter colds, afflict the earth to an unusual degree. Nature sympathizes with the temper of man, which is fierce, belligerent and cruel. The link of human kindness has run dry. The world ceases to run on the principle of sunshine and attraction, and is driven onward by the fierce energy of mutually repellent and hostile forces. Even the gentle sex is showing symptoms of the common infection. When will things mend?

Longevity.—In every 2,178 people in the United States there is one over 90 years of age. In every 25,000 people there is one over 100 years old. In our 250,000 people in Hamilton county there are about ten persons who are morally certain to live a century. Contrary to the general opinion, the number of aged women exceeds that of aged men. These facts, derived from the census, we take from an interesting speech delivered by our fellow-citizen, Dr. R. R. McVain, before the State Medical Society of Ohio, at its late session in this city.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Chicago is said to contain more advertising sense and spirit than any other Western city. It is said that the Tribune of that city asks and receives \$22,000 for a column of advertisements for one year; and that the business men are keen to pay it. We suppose that is one reason of the remarkable growth of the place.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUMMER STOCK

Helms' Old Stand!

HAVING REFITTED THE STORE-ROOM on Main Street, I now offer to the citizens of Frankfort the following articles, which have just been received:

A Full and Complete Assortment of
HATS, CAPS, & C.



BOOTS AND SHOES,

STATIONERY,

Books of all Descriptions,

Notions, &c., &c.



SILK HATS, FELT HATS, STRAW HATS, YOUTHS' HATS, ALL STYLES; BOYS' HATS, ALL STYLES; CHILDRENS' HATS, ALL STYLES.

A few Youths' Prize Hats left; a Prize in every Hat guaranteed. A full line of new styles Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' Gaiters and Slippers. Gentlemen's Custom work: we have a splendid assortment, made to order; all of which I propose to sell as low as any other house here or elsewhere. We think it no trouble to show our Goods. Call in and see for yourselves.

JNO. T. GRAY, Agent.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, JULY 18, 1871.

DRY GOODS.

1871. 1871.

SPRING IMPORTATION.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY STOCK OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

And will be in receipt of everything new every few days until the middle of June. For

Variety, Style, and Cheapness

It has not been surpassed in the last six years, embracing everything

NEW AND DESIRABLE,

WHICH I CAN OFFER AT

Greatly Reduced Prices!

3,000 yards Dress Goods, adapted to the present season.

2,000 yards black and colored Grenadines, in quality and style better than they have been for years.

50 pieces black Alpaccas, of a very celebrated make, which have sold with great credit.

200 dozen Cotton and Lisle Hosiery.

100 dozen Jouvins' and Alexander's Kid Gloves, in all colors.

50 pieces Nottingham Lace Goods, beautiful patterns, and very cheap.

FRENCH WORK

IN EVERY STYLE AND QUALITY

WITH THE LARGEST LOT OF

FRENCH & HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS

Ever offered in a RETAIL HOUSE, all of which will be offered to the Trade at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

J. M. ELLIOTT,
LEXINGTON, KY.

Ladies' ready-made Walking Suits of every style and material.

apr22-tf

R. D. MAHONEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

LEXINGTON, KY.

WILL BE IN FRANKFORT REGULARLY once a month to exhibit a lot of the most elegant Goods for Gentlemen's wear. Also to take measures and receive orders for all clothes that may be desired, to be made up in the latest fashion at his establishment in Lexington. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. His first visit will be about the 24th inst. Rooms at the Capital Hotel. ma 9-3m

SODA WATER

FIRST CLASS APPARATUS,

Cream & Fruit Syrups,

AT

AVERILL'S DRUG STORE.

The Presence and Patronage of the Ladies is particularly solicited.

may20-tf

S. V. PENCE,

ON THE FRANKFORT AND FIAT CREEK TURNPIKE ROAD, four miles from Frankfort, has just completed his

New Saw Mill,

and takes this method of informing the community at large that he is prepared to fill all orders. Particular attention is paid to long and heavy material for Bridges, Warehouses, Railroads, and solicits an equal patronage of Stump Lumber. Laths can be furnished in all quantities. All done at short notice and at the lowest price.

apr1-tf

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that LEMUEL BOGGS, stands indicted in the Muhlenburg Circuit Court with the murder of W. H. Rice, on 31st December, 1869, and is now a fugitive from justice, coming at large. Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Lemuel Boggs, and his delivery to the jailer of Muhlenburg county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 23d day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 7th year of the Commonwealth.

P. H. LESLIE,
By the Governor: SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.
Is about 55 years old; 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; weighs about 170 pounds; dark complexion, black hair; gray eyes; small portion of the first finger on the right hand, including a portion of the finger-nail, out off; slightly stoop shouldered; heavy chest, and well muscled.

BERKSHIRE SWINE FOR SALE.
I AM BREEDING AND HAVE FOR SALE BERKSHIRE HOGS of all ages, the produce of the best stock in this country, and can afford. All orders promptly attended to. For particulars address
WILLIAM H. BARBEE,
Frankfort, Ky.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

MRS. JANE BUTLER.

OF THIS CITY, HAS SECURED THE AGENCY for HINZEN & ROZEN'S celebrated make of Pianos, which took the premium at the Louisville Fair. Mrs. Butler is prepared to furnish these Pianos, together with stool and cover, all delivered, for what the purchaser from any other source would have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is highly recommended by all Professors of Music.

She refers to the following persons, citizens of Frankfort: Captain Sanders, Messrs H. H. Murray, H. Berry, R. B. Jilson, A. J. Kendall, J. Graham, J. W. Bartlett, Mrs. Franklin, Frankfort Public School, and Otto Von Bories.

apr1-tf

T. MAHONEY & CO.,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.

ARE PREPARED TO BUILD IN STONE, Brick, or Wood, any structure, in any part of the State.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

At his New Store, on Main Street, FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS JUST OPENED A HANDSOME Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, such as Clothing, Cassimeres, Vestings, as choice as is to be found in the New York market, which he will make up in the most approved style. His stock has been purchased expressly for cash, and he flatters himself that his prices will satisfy those who may give him a call. Don't forget the place.

dec5-tf

N. HEFFNER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

At his New Store, on Main Street, FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS JUST OPENED A HANDSOME Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, such as Clothing, Cassimeres, Vestings, as choice as is to be found in the New York market, which he will make up in the most approved style. His stock has been purchased expressly for cash, and he flatters himself that his prices will satisfy those who may give him a call. Don't forget the place.

dec5-tf

DANIEL BOONE DISTILLERY,

Frankfort, Ky.

LEWIS CASTLEMAN, - - - Proprietor

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND COUNTRY WHISKY of his own manufacture, from two years old down, which he offers for sale to the trade on reasonable terms for cash.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED!

20 BAGS CLOVER SEED.
10 BAGS TIMOTHY SEED.
Just received per Dove No. 2, and for sale low to close consignment by
G. B. MACKLIN.

FRANKLIN COUNTY LAND

FOR SALE.

DESIRING TO CHANGE LOCATION, I WILL sell the land on which I now reside, situated on Kentucky river, 2½ miles from Frankfort, 1½ miles from Frankfort and Lawrenceburg Turnpike Road, supposed to contain

225 ACRES,

100 acres cleared, the balance in wood land and grass; a comfortable house, containing five rooms, a hall, stables, smoke and ice-house and other necessary out-buildings, with small orchard and other fruit. Terms easy. Address: J. T. DICKINSON, Farmdale Post-office, Franklin county, Ky.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Incurable cases of Scrofulous discharges, where the system is saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by its use. Hence the occurrence of eruptions on the skin, or foul eruptions on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is a valuable remedy in all cases of Scrofulous disease, and at the same time a powerful purifier of the blood.

Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and at the same time a powerful purifier of the blood. Scrofulous eruptions on the skin, or foul eruptions on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is a valuable remedy in all cases of Scrofulous disease, and at the same time a powerful purifier of the blood.

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GROCERY AND MEAT STORE.

When, in the course of human events,

A good nice dinner be your intents,

Large nice Hams, both firm and hard,

Kegs of snow white fresh pure Lard,

Eggs, Butter, Pickle,

Oysters fine,

Reliable Spices of every kind;

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, and Sauces,

Tongues, Mutton, Pork, and Sausage;

Eleven Bread or Flour to make it,

Very nice or do not take it;

Even get some fresh nice Fish,

Now each of these you sure must dish;

Stevens is the man who keeps 'em,

None for cheapness here can beat 'em,

Everything in this grocery mine,

Will surely please the people fine.

Before you buy at another Stall,

Always come, give me a call;

Cause I will send goods to your table,

On the back of Trusty Gabel,

Nor think this acrostic all a fable.

ST. CLAIR ST., BET. MAIN & MARKET, FRANKFORT, KY.

feb25-tf

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

CINCINNATI PAPER WAREHOUSE

CHATFIELD & WOODS, Manufacturers and Wholesale Paper Dealers

77 78 Walnut St., Cincinnati.

dec12 w&w-tf

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

(Main Street, between Front and Second)

CINCINNATI, O.

BOARD REDUCED

TO \$2 PER DAY.

MRS. R. THURSTON—Proprietress.

M. T. C. A. DAVIS has an interest in this house from this date, April 23d.

R. THURSTON apr30-tf

JOHN R. HOOLE & SON,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

BOOKBINDERS' STOCK,

TOOLS AND MACHINERY,

NO. 50 MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

oct13-tf

GENERAL LAWS

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

PUBLISHED BY
S. I. M. MAJOR.

TERMS.
The Tri-Weekly Kentucky Yeoman is published every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at five dollars per annum, in advance. Money may be sent by mail at our risk. The Weekly Yeoman is published every Friday, at two dollars and fifty cents per annum, in advance. Liberal rates to Clubs.

ADVERTISING.
Rates of advertising in Tri-Weekly:
One square, first insertion..... 1 00
One square, each continuance..... 25
Rates of advertising in Weekly:
One square, 10 lines or more, or less, 1 insertion..... 50
For each subsequent insertion..... 25
Double column advertisements, or ad. or testimonials to occupy a fixed place, 50 per cent additional.
Local notices 30 cents a line each insertion.
Liberal counts can be made for large advertisements to be inserted more than once.

J. STODDARD JOHNSTON, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
PRESTON H. LESLIE,
Of Warren.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Of Kenton.

FOR AUDITOR,
D. HOWARD SMITH,
Of Owen.

FOR TREASURER,
JAMES W. TATE,
Of Franklin.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN RODMAN,
Of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. A. M. HENDERSON,
Of Fayette.

FOR REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE,
J. ALEXANDER GRANT,
Of Franklin.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE FROM FRANKLIN COUNTY,
HARRY I. TODD.

TUESDAY.....JULY 18, 1871.

GOVERNOR LESLIE AND KNOW-NOTHINGISM—GEN. HARLAN AND THE CINCINNATI RAILROAD.

The Louisville Commercial of Saturday has a very serious leader, headed "Personal," in which it submits a proposition to us, to the effect that we, the editor of the Yeoman, shall write to Governor Leslie, and ask him whether or not he ever was a member of a Know-Nothing Lodge, or whether he did not work for Governor Morehead. We respectfully decline to accede to the request for the reason that, when Governor Leslie was nominated for the position for which he is proving himself so worthy by his able canvass, we had a full conversation with him in respect to his political antecedents, and he informed us explicitly that he never had been a Know-Nothing, either by association or in sentiment, and we regarded this declaration as covering a denial of all that the Commercial has since charged. Upon the strength of that conversation we gave a sketch of Gov. Leslie's life, in which we substantially reproduced what he told us, and we feel fully authorized to deny the charges made by that paper as if we had it specifically stated over Governor Leslie's sign manual. We shall not imply, by a further reference to him of the subject even the idea that we believed him capable of concealing from us a fact inconsistent with his ample statements upon the general subject—nor shall we, by imputing such a letter and awaiting a reply, admit, even by implication that Governor Leslie shall, in the interval, occupy an equivocal position.

When the Commercial, a short time after making these charges, in reply to the denial of them by a Democratic journal, virtually withdrew them by saying that they had been made in a "spirit of contention," we did not believe that it would reopen the subject; but having done so, we invite it to proceed just as it would if it had before it such a letter from Governor Leslie, as we are satisfied it would, pronouncing the whole thing unfounded. Let it consider the issue joined and proceed with its proof. Having appealed to us in the matter, we hope it will recognize us as competent to traverse this charge, and proceed to make it good or withdraw it entirely.

And now, after having so far responded to the spirit of the Commercial's request as to give it the opportunity of marshalling its proof as to Governor Leslie's record without awaiting the uncertainty of a letter reaching him on his distant canvass, we feel emboldened to ask it to return the favor. Gen. Harlan has been pronouncing himself as the friend of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, and arraigning Governor Leslie for having voted against it. It is stated upon the authority of the Danville Advocate, that Gen. Harlan was himself, at the time Governor Leslie was a Senator, opposed to the passage of the bill by the Kentucky Legislature. Certain it is that Gen. Harlan was never numbered among the friends who came here and exerted their influence in its behalf. Now, will the editor of the Commercial or some friend as fully authorized to speak for him, as we feel ourselves to be for Governor Leslie, writing to Gen. Harlan and procure a letter denying or admitting the charge. The difference in the two cases is, that in one case the proof accompanied the allegation, the Advocate giving the time at which and the person to whom Gen. Harlan expressed his opposition to the road, while, whether from a mere spirit of contention or not, the charge against Governor Leslie has been made without any specification or support than its mere bold assertion.

KENTUCKY WAR CLAIMS.—A special from Washington of the 15th says: "Secretary Boutwell has done nothing yet in respect to the Kentucky war claim, but said he would try to examine the question to-day. He told Mr. Beck yesterday he would treat the case as if it had been before him on the 30th of June. So far he has disclosed no opposition to the claim, and the indications are that he will pass it, notwithstanding the unworthy efforts of the Kentucky Radicals to prejudice it in public estimation."

A PLEA FOR JUSTICE.

The Louisville Commercial of Saturday published in its local columns, and without editorial comment or credit to any other journal, what we regard as a most foul and slanderous libel upon the character of Jefferson Davis. We say this because not only do we believe from our personal knowledge of his character that he would not be guilty of the conduct ascribed to him, but because the story, with all its carefully arranged details, bears internal evidence of its own falsity. As regards its publication in the Commercial, we are forced to conclude that its editor either did not know of its insertion, or if he did, that he did not believe a word of it. Believing it, he should not as he ought not have let the opportunity pass to moralize upon such a subject, instead of leaving it solely to his local to dilate upon the moral turpitude of a man who could thus doubly forfeit the life-long respect of those who know him and violate the sacred confidence of a friend. Endured to us as Mr. Davis has been by years of long personal acquaintance, during which we have known him as a man morally pure in word and deed, could we believe that he had committed the act of which he is thus charged, or was capable of such conduct, we should renounce him forever and blot his name from our memory. But until it comes to us in less questionable shape and with less evidence of being the malicious fabrication of some heartless fiend, we shall not believe a word of it, and shall ask all who value truth to suspend judgment until the character of Mr. Davis is authoritatively relieved of such a foul slander, or until it is confirmed beyond any reasonable doubt.

GOV. BRAMLETTE AND COL. DAWSON ON THE STUMP.

Elsewhere we publish a list of appointments, by which it will be seen that Governor Bramlette and Col. Dawson are announced for eight speeches, beginning at Burksville on Saturday next, and speaking at Albany, Jamestown, Columbia, Greensburg, Campbellsville, Hodgenville, and Elizabethtown, closing at the latter place on the 1st. The list is a good one, and embraces a section of the State but little touched by our candidates, where the services of these gentlemen will be very effective, including, as it does, Governor Bramlette's former home as well as that of Col. Dawson. We predict for them large audiences, and that when the returns of the election come in, the Democratic vote in these counties will attest their valuable service to the cause. In this connection it is proper to say that Col. Dawson at one time contemplated visiting the mountains, in response to the urgent invitation of our friends there; but, owing to the short interval in which to announce his appointments, and the difficulties of travel in that section, the State Central Committee thought advisable to announce him for the Green River counties as above, where, it is believed, his services will be quite as effective.

THE WOODFORD RACE FOR THE LEGISLATURE—AN ADJUSTMENT.

We are glad to see by the following, from the Lexington Press of yesterday, that the unfortunate complication which has existed in Woodford in regard to the Democratic nomination for the Legislature has been adjusted by the withdrawal of both candidates and their submission of the whole question to the County Committee. This is as it should be, and as we believed the good sense of the gentlemen who have been at issue would lead them to decide. At a time like this the Democracy should avoid contests based upon mere personal issues, and thus endanger the triumph of Radical candidates where there would otherwise be no hope for them:

WOODFORD COUNTY.
It will be seen from the following agreement that the difficulty in Woodford county has been satisfactorily adjusted. We understand that the committee will probably order a primary election at an early day, in order that all the Democratic voters of the county may have an opportunity of indicating their choice:

"To the Democratic Executive Committee of Woodford County:

"We ask that you will direct the Democratic voters of this county to select for themselves a candidate for the Legislature to be chosen in such a manner as you may direct, and we sincerely trust that the result will be to consolidate the vote of the party. We earnestly yield the selection of a candidate to the voters of the county, to choose the man as you may direct, that they may prefer for this position, we both withdrawing from the canvass for the present.

"THOS. P. PORTER.
"JO. C. S. BLACKBURN.

"VERMILION, Ky., July 14th, '71."

DISCUSSION LAST NIGHT.—In accordance with appointment, Hon. Jno. Rodman and Hon. Wm. Brown, candidates for Attorney General, spoke last night at the court-house to a large audience, notwithstanding the fact that a report had become circulated that there would be no speaking. The debate was opened by Mr. Rodman, who spoke an hour, and was followed by Mr. Brown, each having fifteen minutes for reply. The lateness of the hour at which the debate closed prevents our giving a detailed report of their speeches, to which we may speak hereafter. Each speaker was warmly applauded by his respective friends, of whom Mr. Brown had a large number from the colored population, and every thing passed off pleasantly and quietly. The gentlemen speak at Lawrenceburg to-day.

We regret to announce that in consequence of sickness in his family, Hon. John Young Brown will be unable to take part in the canvass this summer. In accordance with the invitation of the Central Committee, he had expected to make a number of speeches in Central Kentucky, and had been announced for several; but by a letter received from him Saturday by a friend in this city, we learn, and are requested to announce, that he will not be able to attend the appointments made for him nor to make others. This is to be regretted, as among all the gallant sons of Kentucky who sustain the Democratic cause there is none whom the people would turn out in greater numbers to hear, or who could more eloquently rouse them to their duty at this hour.

POLITICAL.—A call has been made through the Elizabethtown News upon Hon. C. G. Wintersmith, to become a candidate for the Legislature.

THE DANGERS OF THE HOUR.

Who would have believed that here in this year of grace, 1871, a Congress would be found, who would dare confer upon the President, in time of profound peace, the power to declare martial law, and suspend the writ of habeas corpus at his option anywhere in the United States? And yet this is precisely the power that has been conferred upon Grant under the infamous Ku-Klux bill.

When the plan came from the convention to the States, it was objected to as not containing a Bill of Rights, such as that for example appended to the Constitution of the State of Massachusetts of that day, which in thirty clauses of the most comprehensive character, says: "That unreasonable searches and seizures of men's persons, houses and papers, shall not be allowed, that the liberty of the press is not to be restrained, that the power of suspending the laws and declaring martial law can be exercised only by the Legislature, or under their direction, and other elemental positions.

It is evident, therefore, that according to the Constitution, that it contained no caveat against tyranny. "Bills of Rights" he says: "Are in their origin stipulations between kings and their subjects, abridgements of prerogative in favor of privilege, reservations of rights not surrendered to the prince. Such was Magna Charta, obtained by the barons, and in hand, from King John. Such were the subsequent confirmations of that charter by succeeding princes. Such was the Petition of Rights assented to by Charles the First in the beginning of his reign. Such, also, was the Declaration of Rights presented by the lords and commons to the Prince of Orange in 1688. It is evident, therefore, that according to the primitive significance, they have no application to constitutions professedly founded upon the power of the people, and created by their immediate representatives and servants. Here, in reality, the people surrender nothing, and as they retain every thing, they have no need of particular reservation."

The States, however, were jealous, their people skeptical; they said, that some day, by the door of implication, Federal tyranny would enter and they demanded and obtained a Bill of Rights. It is stipulated that the rights not expressly granted to the Central Government, or prohibited to the States, are reserved to the States or the people, and that the enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to disparage those retained by the people. Thus the door seemed to be barred. If the Federal Government had only the powers which expressly were granted, and the States and the people had all the rest, how could they be oppressed? There was nothing granted which could be converted to oppression. But an instant, and the Federal Government was to come in 1861, did not let them stop here. They went on, and by right of the ten amendments erected barriers against abuses. They have been violated, almost every one of them, in the last decade.

And now comes the crowning outrage, the cap-sheaf of the calamities inflicted upon liberty by the unprecedented changes of this most monstrous bill, which authorize Grant, at his option, to suspend the great writ of right, and declare martial law in any State in this Union. And yet, in the face of such unprecedented and unwarranted grants as these, there are men so blind and stupid as not to perceive the danger there is in entrusting this more solid, who has not the slightest idea of the limitations upon power, with such extraordinary powers as these.—*New York News.*

NEW FUND OF POLITICAL LYING.

(From the St. Louis Republican.)
Although Mr. Jefferson Davis has really no connection whatever with the Democratic party, and from his political opinions and the demands, real or fancied, of his special historical position, is most unlikely ever to have any, yet he has been the subject of a new fund of political lying, which, authorized Grant, at his option, to suspend the great writ of right, and declare martial law in any State in this Union. And yet, in the face of such unprecedented and unwarranted grants as these, there are men so blind and stupid as not to perceive the danger there is in entrusting this more solid, who has not the slightest idea of the limitations upon power, with such extraordinary powers as these.—*New York News.*

"In all these elections advice received here indicate an activity greater than is usual during the year preceding a presidential campaign. Probably the 'new departure' of Jeff. Davis, as well as that of the Ohio Democratic, has tended to cause the new vigor. The light in which the former regards it may be seen in the following notable source, as given in a letter from a most respectable source, received here within a few days by a prominent head of a bureau in one of the departments:

"While Davis was recently swinging round the Confederate circle, loudly engaged in refuting the Southern heart, he stood sponsor to the child of an intimate friend residing in the neighborhood of Chattanooga. A conversation ensued on the prospects of the South. The friend was gloomy, and the rebel ex-president cheered him with: 'Never mind, my dear Colonel; it will all come out right. We have recovered a portion of our ground. At the next election we will get back every Southern State. We have the support of the Radical Governors, and I assure you that if I live, I fully expect to be, within five years, reinstated as President of the Southern Confederacy.' The person from whom this statement comes is credited with being thoroughly trustworthy. There is little doubt that Jeff. Davis did utter words in substance such as are given above, at the time and for the purpose indicated."

Of course this absurd tale is probably a pure invention, or if true, records merely an exaggerated pleasantry designed to divert a melancholy friend. Unfortunately for the success of the lie-factory established in the Radical interest, Mr. Davis himself has demolished it by the following letter:

"MEMPHIS, June 22, 1871.

"Major W. T. Wallhall:

"MY DEAR SIR: With sincere thanks for the kind consideration shown by the Mobile Franklin Society, I feel compelled to decline the invitation to deliver a public lecture before them on my return from my tour in the South. It is surely would not be difficult, with the freedom you allow in the selection of a subject, to avoid any expression which could fairly be used to the injury of any Southern friends, but it would hardly be possible, under existing circumstances, to prevent my words from being about for such purposes. 'Hopefully looking forward to the better day when such restraints shall no longer exist, I beg you to make my acknowledgments acceptable to your associates, and to accept for yourself assurances of the high regard with which I am your friend.

"JEFFERSON DAVIS."

Whatever Mr. Davis may think proper to say when the time comes to which he alludes as one at which restraints on his utterances shall no longer exist, he evidently has determined that he will make none now. Whether these future speeches shall consist purely of explanations of his action in the late civil war, or arguments in favor of reviving political theories buried under the carnage of a great civil war, is of no present moment. He emphatically announces that he takes no part in present political questions, and that he would never merely be used to the injury of his own Southern friends. The Radicals, therefore, may at their leisure manufacture tales of his unguarded expressions at family festivities—with or without the obvious loophole for escape from conviction for lying, which is seen in the proviso just referred to. Wherever he goes he will win votes to his party. The convention could not have made a better choice for Lieutenant Governor, and the party will deserve censure if it fails to honor him and the other noble men on the ticket, with a full vote, and a crushing majority over Radicalism.—*Henderson Reporter.*

PROCEEDINGS OF THE RICHMOND BAR ON THE DEATH OF MAJOR S. TURNER.

At a meeting of the Richmond bar, held at the court-house on Saturday last, the following proceedings were had:

On motion, Colonel J. W. Caperton was elected Chairman, and T. J. Scott, Esq., Secretary.

The following resolutions were then offered by Judge E. W. Turner, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have heard with deep pain and regret of the death of an old and most respected member of this bar, Major S. Turner, and that we hereby tender to his bereaved widow and family our condolence and sympathy.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to prepare and have published in the Kentucky Register a brief memorial of the deceased.

Resolved, That we attend the burial in a body, and tender our services as pall-bearers to the family.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions and of the memorial be furnished the family of deceased, and that the different courts of this county be requested to spread them upon their order-books.

In accordance with the second resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed to prepare a not of the deceased, viz: C. H. Beck, F. W. Turner, Wm. Chennault, W. B. Smith, and T. Scott.

The committee has prepared the following sketch for publication:

Maj. Squire Turner departed this life on the 7th inst.

He was a remarkable man in a generation of remarkable men. He was born in this county January 26, 1793, and resided throughout his life in the county.

He began his training as a lawyer very early in life by writing in the clerk's office of the Madison circuit court. He was admitted to practice at the Richmond bar, March 16th, 1816, at twenty-three years of age. At a bar distinguished through the State for its ability, by his immeasurable industry and energy and zeal in his profession, he soon won for himself distinction and prominence.

From his first admission to the bar he devoted himself unreservedly to his profession, except when engaged in public life, until June, 1870, in the counties of Madison, Garrard, and Harlan, and the County of Appaloosa, and even after being stricken down and prostrated upon his bed by paralysis, following the long habits of his mind and the great business of his life, the practical details of his profession continued to be of great interest to him, and to some extent to occupy him. During this long period at the bar he never missed a court in his own county, and but one in Kentucky and Estill. The practice of the law was his absorbing passion and happiness, and in it he made, to the last degree, the use of his abilities.

He was as long and unreservedly to the bar, acquired as extensive a knowledge of the law, and performed as great an amount of professional labor as any man of his day in Kentucky, and perhaps in any State or country. His physical constitution and almost uninterupted good health were equal to his wonderful mental activity, and enabled him to sustain an amount of labor which few men could undergo, and fewer still would have been willing to undergo. His vigilance and alertness, joined with his knowledge of the law, familiarity with the rules of practice, and his skill as a practitioner, rendered him always a formidable opponent, and were of service to the members of the bar at which he practiced, requiring the closest care and attention in the preparation and management of causes.

His labors as a lawyer have been of signal service to the profession in the State, as his great perseverance and laborious research have enabled him to gather up and incorporate in the decisions of our courts principles heretofore lying latent upon the surface of the common law, or seemingly hidden in the depths of equity jurisprudence.

Major Turner was elected five times to the lower house of the Legislature, was a distinguished and prominent member of the convention which framed the new Constitution in 1849, and was one of the committee appointed to revise the statutes of the State. In all of these responsible and honorable positions he discharged his duty to the satisfaction of his constituents, and rendered most efficient and marked service by his great practical ability and experience as a lawyer, and by entering into his labors with that energy, zeal, and indefatigable industry which so characterized him in all things and all times. He was public spirited, and always a friend to the cause of internal improvement.

In 1819 he married Miss Elizabeth Stone, who survives him, commanding in her venerable age, as through her long life of unobtrusive worth, the universal esteem of the community.

The New Departure.

We believe the New Departure is utterly wrong in principle, and a fatal error in fact. Before the New Departure the Democratic party was a unit, and the Republicans were greatly divided upon the reconstruction of the Southern States. The injustice, unconstitutionality, and gross usurpation were beginning to be in every section admitted. We had all begun to appreciate the fact that the object our friends were intended to secure and to institute was that all general interests should remain with the State or sections to which they belong. This was the key-stone of the arch. By the new departure we surrender this mighty principle. We say Congress and not the States can regulate suffrage. That the President can in times of peace suspend the writ of habeas corpus, or in times of war, declare martial law, by an act in express violation of our Great Charter, force of unwilling people at the point of the bayonet into rebellion or the most abject servitude.

To escape this conclusion, see to what inconsistencies we are now forced by Radical arguments. We are compelled to say that our "new departure" now is hypocritical, and that our late opposition was founded in error. Are we to fight on the old, well-marked and selected line, or in the hour of victory to ground our arms and march prisoners, bag and baggage, horse, foot and artillery, into the camp of the enemy? No! will leap as loudly from the lips of millions as the red live lightning bolts from its fiery loom.

We wish to "agitate," because we believe the storms of freedom are better than the calms of despotism. We wish to speak with no double tongue; we wish not to worship any two-faced Janus. We believe when God places an individual or nation in a situation that a lie must be spoken or action taken, then the time is come when that individual or nation should die.

We hear much said about policy. Policy is another name for deceit. It has destroyed more men and nations than it ever saved. It is only the false homage paid to virtue by vice. If Radicalism is true, let us "accept the situation," and if false, let us make no New Departures, but fight it boldly to the bitter end. We are told by the highest authority that the end never justifies the means. However noble the end, it should be sacrificed when demanded by truth, justice and honor.

Columbus (Ga.) Sun.

The candidates for Lieutenant Governor spoke at the court-house on our city on Friday last. They have spoken in many counties, and their speeches have been so generally reported that we enter into an extended synopsis of what they said of the occasion. Mr. Carlisle equaled our expectation. We had heard him spoken of in high terms, and having heard him we think he deserves all the praise which he has received. He is a brilliant orator, and an able debater, far surpassing his competitor in all the qualities which stamp the statesman as the leader of the people. Wherever he goes he will win votes to his party. The convention could not have made a better choice for Lieutenant Governor, and the party will deserve censure if it fails to honor him and the other noble men on the ticket, with a full vote, and a crushing majority over Radicalism.—*Henderson Reporter.*

THE AMENDMENT.—In the recently delivered speech of Horace Greeley occur these words: "If the Democrats admit that the Republican amendments to the Constitution are finally and irrevocably ratified, and must be got out, if at all, in the same way they got in, by a majority of Congress and a vote of three-fourths of all the States, we shall feel safe, and feel that all we have gained is secure under guarantees of the Federal Constitution."

No sane man will hesitate to admit that the amendments are finally and irrevocably ratified, and that the only way to get rid of them is by another amendment, or by a decision of the Supreme Court that the manner of their ratification was fraudulent, and hence void.

The manner in which the amendments were procured is as objectionable to the Democrats as the amendments themselves—yet no Democrat is so foolish or so wicked as to wish to set them aside by a revolution.

That they are a part of the Constitution, to all intents and for all purposes, we all admit, and as much so as the first original section in that venerable document; but that they are legally so we all deny.

The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments are a portion of the Constitution of the United States, fraudulently, illegally, and basely obtained, it is true; and the Democratic party to that extent accept them as "accomplished facts;" but will never consent to say they were ratified legally, or in any other way, by three-fourths of the States. They were ratified by "a majority of Congress" and the proclamation of the Secretary, and are, Mr. Greeley calls them, essentially "Republican amendments," and not the voice of the people, speaking through their Legislatures.

Elizabethtown News.

Death of "Ted" Lincoln.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Thomas Lincoln, universally known as Ted Lincoln, youngest son of the late President Lincoln, died at the Clifton House in this city at 7 o'clock this morning. His disease was dropsy of the heart. His eighteenth birthday occurred in May. He was taken ill in a few days after returning from Europe. During his illness his mother has been almost his constant attendant. There has always existed the warmest affection between the two, and Mrs. Lincoln is almost completely prostrated by her affliction.

Terrible Disaster.

PARIS, July 14.

The powder works of St. Maur exploded to-day with a succession of tremendous detonations which shook the entire city. The widest excitement prevailed until the cause and locality of the disaster became known. A large number of men, women, and children, were killed and wounded. Many of the victims were buried under the ruins, and the firemen and military are at work removing the rubbish to rescue them.

Maj. H. S. Hale and Capt. W. C. Clark are making the most active and interesting canvass ever made in this Senatorial District. They are contesting every inch of ground, and make speeches daily to large crowds. Both are sanguine of election, and make many friends wherever they speak.—*Mayfield Democrat.*

BIRTHS.

To the wife of Dr. J. B. Stoves, of Fayette county, a son—JAMES DECK.

To the wife of Col. H. A. Anderson, of Nicholasville, a son—MORRIS BROWN.

MARRIED.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. F. B. Carroll, at the residence of the bride's father, in Ashland, Ky., J. W. HAMMON, Esq., of Catlettsburg, and Miss Letitia V. Easton, daughter of Wm. C. Ireland, Esq.

DIED.

In this city, on the 15th inst., ELLA GREEN, youngest child of Geo. S. L. M., and Mary B. Major, aged ten months and twenty days.

"Weep not for those
Who sink within the arms of death
Ere yet the chilling winter breath
Of sorrow o'erspreads their faces
We would for those who have remain
Too mortal mortals of pain,
Content to live each breath joy fade,
And in grief's melancholy shade
Flame o'er hope's fairest rose."

In this city, on Sunday, July 16th, at 3 P.M., of cerebral pneumonia, LEONIDAS, son of W. B. and L. J. Harrison, aged 9 months.

In this city, on Saturday, 15th, infant son of Gus. Shaffer, aged 4 months.

In Lincoln county, on the 10th inst., Mrs. SUSAN E. DEPEAUX, wife of M. N. Depeaux, in the 36th year of her age.

In Henderson, Ky., on the 7th inst., JOHNSTON ALVES, infant son of J. H. and Mary A. Powell, aged 1 year, 4 months, and 18 days.

At the residence of her father, Wm. C. Graves, Esq., near Newtown, Scott county, Ky., on Thursday, July 13th, Mrs. Lucille Blackburn, wife of Edward Blackburn, Esq.

In Louisville, on the 14th July, at 11 o'clock, A. M., Mrs. Elizabeth Cannon Johnson, wife of the late Daniel Johnson, mother of the late Dr. Mat. Pyles, aged 71 years and 4 months.

On the 6th inst., near Midway, Priestly O'Bannon Pepper, son of Mrs. Nannie Pepper, in the 9th year of his age.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. ELIZABETH PEACE CONERY died in Frankfort, Ky., on the 13th of July, 1871, in the seventieth year of her age, and was buried in the beautiful cemetery located on the river cliffs overlooking this quiet little city; there is no sweeter place on all the green earth, and no longer sleep in the grave, and in compliance with the specimens to be seen at this office, to be placed; said boxes to be delivered at the office of Secretary of State on or before the 25th day of August, 1871.

Proposals must be addressed to the Secretary of State, and indorsed "Proposals for Boxes," and with approved security, under the seal of \$3.00, will be required of the person or persons to whom the contract may be awarded for the faithful discharge of the contract, which bond must be executed within five days after the 15th day of August, 1871.

THE 26th Academic Year.

WILL BEGIN ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1871.

Send for Catalogue containing terms, rules, regulations, and full information to:
CUL. R. T. ALLEN, Sup't,
Farmdale, Franklin Co., Ky.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE DEPOSIT BANK OF FRANKFORT, JUNE 30TH, 1871.

ASSETS.
Bills of Exchange..... \$150,998 57
Cash..... 16,517 21
Due from Banks..... 26,138 96
Due from Farmers..... 640 00
Due from Merchants..... 37 00
Due from profit account..... 5 00
\$203,154 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock..... \$77,400 00
Due Banks..... 6,607 05
Dividends Unpaid..... 1,145 00
Dividend No. 9..... 2,939 23
Government Tax..... 119 13
Depositors' Tax..... 107,967 44
Fund to pay Taxes..... 37 00
Profit and Loss..... 5,559 98
\$203,154 63

JOHN WATSON, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A Dividend of five per cent, has been this day declared from the earnings of last 6 months, payable on and after the FIFTH JULY, free from Government tax.

JOHN WATSON, Cashier.

JUNE 30, 1871—Jul 6-7-8-9

Blank Books of every kind for sale at Helms' Old Stand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A NEAT COTTAGE RESIDENCE IN SOUTH Frankfort, situated on the corner of Todd and Logan streets. The lot contains about one acre of ground. The house contains three good rooms, with Hall, back Porch, Kitchen, and all necessary out-buildings and never-failing water. HOUSE EXCLUSIVELY NEW. Inquire of the residence of GEORGE W. LAWLER, At State Arsenal.

July 18-19

DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC BOOKS.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, FRANKFORT, KY., July 15th, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until the

15TH OF AUGUST, 1871, AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

for carrying and distributing the Public Books and Documents to the several counties in this State for the years 187

The peculiar weather of late, the hot sunshine alternating with steaming showers, has had the effect of producing more sickness throughout the State than usual at this period of the year. In Louisville the mortality report for last week shows 93 deaths against 53 for the corresponding week last year, being an increase of seventy-five per cent. The mortality among children is especially noticeable. In Henderson, Owensboro, and other points, a similar condition exists; while in our own city there has been more sickness especially among children, than we have known for a great while, the tendency to cholera infantum of a dangerous type being very marked. The physicians ascribe this to the relaxing influence of the weather, and recommend parents to be very cautious how children are exposed to the mid-day sun, and advise great care in the diet of old as well as young, avoiding unripe fruit or stale vegetables.

The Democracy of the Twelfth District, composed of the counties of Logan, Todd, and Simpson, have nominated Hon. W. W. Frazer, of Todd, for Senator, to succeed Hon. A. C. Vallandigham. Judge Frazer has been the Representative from the county of Todd in the lower house for the past two years, and his promotion is a compliment from his constituency of which he may well be proud. In the Senate as in the House he will make a vigilant and attentive member.

The Big Sandy Railroad.—The Big Sandy Herald says that, on Monday last, a motion was made by Gen. J. C. Breckinridge before the county court of Boyd county, Judge J. D. Ross presiding, and an order entered directing the officers heretofore appointed to conduct the August election for Boyd county to open a poll at the respective voting places in said county on the 31st day of this month, to take the sense of the qualified voters upon the proposition to subscribe one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the capital stock of the Elizabethtown, Lexington, and Big Sandy Railroad.

Several of our friends who attended the annual meeting of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, in their late meeting at Mount Sterling, in high terms of the unbounded hospitality displayed by the citizens of that place. In addition to the private entertainment which was extended on every hand, an elegant banquet was given to the Knights, which passed off most agreeably. The next grand annual convocation, we observe, will be held in Frankfort, on the second Wednesday in July, 1872 when we shall have to see to it that the good name of our city does not suffer in comparison with the warm courtesies so gracefully extended by our neighbors.

In saying in our last that beef was selling hereabouts at from three to five cents per pound, some persons understood us to give that as the price of dressed beef. We meant beef cattle, the reports from all the cattle counties showing that the finest bullocks for the New York market are being bought for five cents gross. The question which consumers are interested in, is that is the price of beef gross, why they have to pay fifteen cents per pound for their roasts and steaks?

On Saturday morning, as Col. A. H. Rennie was dressing, he was seized with vertigo or fainting, and fell forward upon the floor, cutting several severe gashes upon his head on a washstand. When found a few moments after he was insensible and bleeding profusely. At his advanced age such a shock to his system was regarded with apprehension by his friends, but, we are glad to know, that he was doing well yesterday, with the prospect of soon being out again.

ACCIDENT.—As Mr. Alfred Read, of this county, was about to get out of a spring wagon in South Frankfort yesterday, the horse started just as he had risen on his feet, and he was thrown violently backward upon the ground, receiving a severe cut on his head and straining his back painfully.

BASE BALL.—There will be a match game of base ball to-morrow afternoon on the grounds in South Frankfort between the first nine of the Valley, who will be out in full uniform for the first time this season, and a picked nine of the town. The game will be closely contested and well played. The ladies are specially invited.

We have had the pleasure of meeting Prof. M. H. Smith, of Maysville, who is spending a few days in the city with his friend, Maj. H. T. Stanton. Prof. Smith is now the present Eminent Grand Commander of Knights Templar of the State of Kentucky.

RAILROAD MONOPOLY.—The Pennsylvania Central Railroad has leased, for a term of 99 years, the Indianapolis and Jeffersonville and the Jeffersonville and Madison Railroads, thus giving them the monopoly of the routes leading to the great bridge at Louisville. Its next step probably will be to get control of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

AN OLD VETERAN GONE.—Wm C. Berry, an old soldier of 1812, died a few days ago in Clark county, Ky., in the 82d year of his age. He was a private of Capt. John Mason's company from that county, and was in the bloody engagement at the battle of the River Raisin.

The fences and other places devoted to such uses were made brilliant yesterday with the show-bills of the European circus, which will exhibit here on the 29th inst.

The Hopkinsville New Era says, that the fires of the Democracy, which have been smouldering in that county so long, are being rapidly rekindled.

Col. C. H. Blakely has been nominated by the Democracy of Logan as their candidate for the Legislature.

Attention is called to advertisement of neat, new cottage for sale, in another column.

LONGFELLOW-HIS GREAT RACE—THE FASTEST TIME ON RECORD.

In our last we announced that Longfellow—not the poet, but John Harper's four year old, son of Leamington—had astounded the world by winning the Saratoga Cup, a 2¼ mile dash, in the astonishing time of 4:02¾. The report by telegraph proved true, though now comes another report, which it will take a day or two to decide, which is, that Longfellow has been sold to an Englishman for the sum of \$100,000, a nice, snug pile for a poor man like Harper, who is not worth more than twice that sum already, and doesn't look like he was worth a cent. The following is the account of the race at Saratoga, from the World of Saturday:

THE SARATOGA CUP.

The second race was the great event of the season being a contest for the Saratoga Cup, for all ages; \$50 entrance fee; play or par; \$1,000 added; distance, two and a quarter miles. There were twelve entries for the cup, but the great reputation of John Harper's Leamington horse, Longfellow, and August Belmont's Lexington colt, Kingfisher, deterred all the others from starting. The odds were in favor of Longfellow at about two to one before the start, and increased rapidly throughout the race, \$100 to \$8 being freely offered that Longfellow would win as he struck into the second quarter of the last mile. The time was remarkably fast, the first mile being run in 1:40. The start was made from the three-quarter pole at the head of the stretch. Longfellow had a little the best of it in the start and led down the stretch at a slashing pace. As the flyers dashed past the stand Longfellow had opened a gap of three lengths on his competitor, but did not seem disposed to delay any on that account, but ran as if for his life. For the next mile the two ran as if Kingfisher were Longfellow's shadow, his lighter color helping to complete the illusion. As they approached the stand the second time Longfellow increased his pace a trifle and left his shadow six lengths in the rear. Going from the quarter to the half-mile pole Kingfisher picked up a little, and reduced the lead to four lengths. At the turn in the home-stretch for the last time Longfellow was leading six good lengths again, and came down to the stand under a pull, with Swim looking back over his shoulder and regulating the pace of the great Leamington by the movements of Palmer's lighter. Kingfisher led across the score by three lengths. Kingfisher made a splendid display of speed in the first line, and gave great satisfaction to Mr. Belmont, who expected him to be beaten by a hundred yards or more. As may readily be supposed the Kentuckians were in high glee again to-day, and that gentlemanly old veteran of the war, John Harper, cheered his youth. The time made in the first mile was intended to be kept a secret, so the readers of the following figures are respectfully requested not to tell anybody: First mile, time, 1:40; time of race, 4:02¾.

Same Day—Second Race.—The Saratoga Cup for all ages; \$50 entrance, p. p.; \$1,000 added by the association; closed with twelve nominations; net value of the stake, \$1,600. Dash, one and a quarter miles.

John Harper's br. h. Longfellow, 4 years old, by Leamington, dam Nanturby by Bowyer's Eclipse, 108 lbs. (Swim) lighter. 1 August Belmont's b. c. Kingfisher, 4 years old, by Lexington, dam Eltham Lass, 108 lbs. (Palmer) 2 Time—4:02¾.

Same Day—Third Race.—Purse \$600 for three year-olds; entrance money to second horse; winner of the Belmont, Ladies, or Travers stakes excluded. Dash, one and a half mile.

A. Belmont's imp. ch. c. By the Sea, three years old, by Thormanby, dam Bernice, 110 lbs. 1 J. A. Grinstead's ch. c. Abdelhorre, 3 years old, by Australian, dam Rescue, 110 lbs. 2 F. M. Hall's b. c. John Merryman, 3 years old, by Eugene, dam La Rose, 110 lbs. 3 Springfield & Stanton's b. c. Froggton, 3 years old, by Bonnie Scotland, dam by Lexington, 110 lbs. 0 Time—2:40½.

The official report of proceedings in the Convention of State Insurance Commissioners, recently held at New York City, has been laid upon our table. It is a neatly bound volume, containing about 200 pages, and a cursory reading satisfies us that it contains a large amount of valuable information from the highest authorities in the insurance business. We refer particularly to communications and statements made by experts to the committee on valuations, &c. The following extracts are from a letter addressed to the committee by the distinguished president of the New York Mutual Life, the oldest insurance company in the United States, and it is believed, the largest in the world:

New York, June 10, 1871.

Hon. Gustavus W. Smith, Chairman Committee on Rate of Mortality, Interest, Valuation, Premiums, &c.

DEAR SIR: I avail myself of your courteous request to prepare a communication on some of the very important points referred to your committee. Most of these are fundamental, forming the basis upon which life insurance rests.

But the questions most vitally important are those now before your committee, and on which you are to report in October to the Convention for final action. Correct mortality tables, and safe rate of interest as a basis for rates of insurance, ample reserves to cover all contingencies, and sound and reliable assets always available, out of which to pay obligations which life insurance rests. Lacking either, a company will sooner or later fail. The business of life insurance is now on trial before the American public, and its verdict will greatly depend on the course marked out for it by your Convention.

Believing that your labors and influence, and that of your associates in the Convention, will be to throw around this most sacred of all pecuniary trusts held for the widow and the orphan, the protection of sound principles, wise laws, and prudent and economical administration, I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, F. J. WINSTON.

Pres. Mutual Life Ins. Co., of New York.

To the committee, of which Gen. Smith is Chairman, the Convention also referred for report in October the important questions forming the basis upon which the business of life insurance rests. We will take occasion hereafter to refer to other communications made to this committee and Convention.

By a letter from Monticello we learn that the debate there between Gov. Leslie and Gen. Harlan was largely attended, and that Governor Leslie gave entire satisfaction to his friends.

The Danville Advocate says that Gen. Fry, acting on the principle that a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush, has abandoned the canvass for Treasurer and assumed the duties of Supervisor of Internal Revenue.

The Central Kentucky Medical Association will hold its next meeting at Harrodsburg, on Wednesday, July 19th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the office of Dr. Price. The debate will be opened by Dr. S. P. Craig, of Stanford.

The Kentucky People urges the revival of Harrodsburg Springs as a summer resort.

KNIGHTS' TEMPLAR.—The annual convocation of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Kentucky was held in Mt. Sterling on the 12th and 13th insts. All the Commanderies were represented with one exception. The meeting was characterized by great harmony and good feeling, and nothing of an unpleasant character occurred to mar the general enjoyment.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

R. E. Sir M. H. Smith, of Maysville, Gr. Commander.
V. E. Sir Wm. H. Warren, of Lexington, D. Gr. Com.
E. Sir Henry Bostwick, of Covington, Gr. Gen.
E. Sir James A. Beattie, of Louisville, Gr. C. G.
E. Sir Rev. Wright Merrick, of Lexington, Gr. Prelate.
E. Sir S. S. Parker, of Louisville, Gr. Sen. Warden.
E. Sir H. H. Neal, of Louisville, Gr. Jr. Warden.
E. Sir David P. Robb, of Versailles, Gr. Treas.
E. Sir Wm. C. Munger, of Franklin, Gr. Rec.
E. Sir Hiram Bassett, of Mt. Sterling, Gr. St. B.
E. Sir H. M. Lewis, of Newport, Gr. Swd. B.
E. Sir A. H. Gardner, of Louisville, Gr. Warden.
E. Sir Daniel Epperson, of Frankfort, Gr. C. G.

ACQUITTAL OF DR. CARRICO.—The trial of J. W. Carrico, says the Louisville Ledger, for the killing of J. D. Smith, came to an end on Thursday in the Nelson circuit court, the jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty. The trial occupied the time of the court for six days. It will be remembered that a former verdict in this case, was set aside by the Court of Appeals in June, 1870, when Judge Robertson delivered the opinion that has been so often criticised for its doctrines as to the law of self-defense.

THE DONNELLAN CASE.—The Bourbon circuit court adjourned last Wednesday. Jno. Donnellan's case was continued, and his bail fixed at \$2,500.

The Ohio river opposite Wheeling is so low that the boating business is almost entirely suspended. There are but two feet at the shoalest places.

Another Borgia.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—In the criminal court of Baltimore to-day, Judge Gilmore presiding, the grand jury came in with two presentments against Mrs. Elizabeth G. Wharton; first for feloniously, wilfully, and with malice aforethought, killing and murdering Gen. Wm. Scott Ketchum, of the United States army, by administering tartar emetic, or some other poisonous drug, on or about the 28th of June, 1871. The second presentment was for attempting to kill and murder Eugene Vanness, by administering poison, about the same time.

There were eighteen witnesses before the grand jury, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Vanness, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Snowden Dr. P. C. Williams, Dr. S. C. Chew, General W. B. Price, paymaster general United States army, and Dr. Aiken, professor of chemistry in the University of Baltimore. The grand jury was composed of some of the most influential citizens of Baltimore, one of the members being a prominent State Senator. As the case is not bailable, the sheriff will take Mrs. Wharton into custody this afternoon. The case causes intense interest.

ARREST OF MRS. WHARTON.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—The intelligence of the presentment by the grand jury was communicated to Mrs. Wharton by Counsel Shortly. Soon thereafter, Sheriff Albert, accompanied by Marshal Gray and Deputy Marshal Treay, in two carriages, arrived at the residence of Mrs. Wharton at twenty minutes to 4 o'clock. Mrs. Wharton and daughter, with Mrs. Crawford and Sheriff Albert, took a carriage and was driven to the city jail. Mrs. Wharton and daughter were deeply veiled. Mrs. Wharton was then handed to the warden of the jail. She selected an empty cell, which she is permitted to furnish in the plainest manner, and her counsel allowed the privilege of remaining with her during the evening. The case has shocked the entire community, and the deepest sympathy is manifested for the unfortunate woman.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN MENIFEE.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Menifee county, held in Frenchburg, on Monday, July 3d, 1871, pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, J. M. Oliver was chosen Chairman, and J. M. Vandersell, Secretary.

On motion, J. C. Lyons, R. E. Frisby, John Hon, and Thomas Greenawald, were appointed a committee on resolutions, who reported the following, which were adopted:

Resolved, That the following be the action and platform of the Democratic State Convention of May 3d, 1871, and that we pledge our earnest support to the ticket nominated.

Resolved, That we recommend R. F. Day, O. P. Wells, John Hon, Preston Darossett, and Thomas Greenawald as members of the Democratic County Committee for the ensuing year.

Resolved, That we recommend that a Convention, composed of the counties of Bath and Menifee, be called, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for the next Legislature, and that we cordially ask the Democrats of Bath county to unite with us in the same, and that said Convention be held at Mud Lick Springs, on the 15th day of July, 1871, and that all Democrats in Menifee county are appointed delegates to said Convention, should one be called.

On motion, it was further Resolved, That Hon. A. W. Bascom be declared the choice of the Democratic party of Menifee county for the next Legislature.

On motion, The Owingville Inquirer, Kentucky Sentinel and Kentucky Yeoman, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

The meeting then adjourned.

J. M. OLIVER, Chairman.

I. M. VANDERSELL, Secretary.

Dr. J. A. Clopton, of Huntsville, Ala., may be consulted in Frankfort on the 19th and 20th of July. He treats, with perfect success, Piles, Fistula, Fissures, Strictures, Tumors, Wens, Polypus, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. See a letter from Dr. Blades. Piles cured without the knife.

MT. STERLING, KY., March 31, 1871.

Dr. Clopton:

Sir: Allow me to express the emotions of gratitude I feel since the successful operation you performed on me. For fifteen years I suffered with that dreadful disease for which, in vain, I sought relief. My professional brethren all advised me against a surgical operation. It is, therefore, with feelings of great pleasure that I give my testimony to the dispatch and skill with which you operated, and the perfect success attending it. And permit me to say to those suffering with Hemorrhoidal affections, suffer no longer, as I am satisfied your method of operating is the perfection of surgical science, and that the pain of the operation is nothing compared with that of an inflamed condition of the parts. It is with pleasure I now recommend you to the community you are now visiting, as a surgeon, worthy of their highest confidence. Truly yours,

JOHN A. BLADES, M. D.

GOV. LESLIE'S APPOINTMENTS.

Governor P. H. Leslie, Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the people as follows:

Hickman, Wednesday, July 19.
Clinton, Thursday, July 20.
Blandville, Friday, July 21.
Paducah, Saturday, July 22.
Mayfield, Monday, July 24.
Murray, Tuesday, July 25.
Benton, Wednesday, July 26.
Smithland, Thursday, July 27.
Princeton, Friday, July 28.
Cadiz, Saturday, July 29.
Greenville, Monday, July 31.
Calhoun, Tuesday, August 1.
Hartford, Wednesday, August 2.
Morgantown, Thursday, August 3.
Litchfield, Friday, August 4.
Elizabethtown, Saturday, August 5.

HON. JOHN M. HARLAN.

General John M. Harlan, Republican candidate for Governor, will address the people at the following times and places:

Glasgow, Barren county, Tuesday, July 18.
Edmonton, Metcalfe county, Wednesday, July 19.
Mumfordsville Hart county, Thursday, July 20.
Bowling Green, Warren county, Friday, July 21.
Elkton, Todd county, Saturday, July 22.
Hopkinsville, Christian county, Monday, July 24.
Greenville, Muhlenburg county, Tuesday, July 25.
Calhoun, McLean county, Wednesday, July 26.
Harvard, Ohio county, Thursday, July 27.
Morgantown, Butler county, Friday, July 28.
Litchfield, Grayson county, Saturday, July 29.
Speaking at 1 o'clock.

Governor Leslie, Democratic candidate for Governor, is invited to attend.

HON. JOHN G. CARLISLE.

Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor will address his fellow-citizens at the following places:

Shelbyville, Thursday, July 20.
Lawrenceburg, Friday, July 21.
Versailles, Saturday, July 22.
Georgetown, Monday, July 24.
Frankfort, Tuesday, July 25.
Owenton, Wednesday, July 26.
Williamsburg, Thursday, July 27.
Walton, Friday, July 28.
Warsaw, Tuesday, August 1.
Carrollton, Wednesday, August 2.

At Louisville on the nights of the 3d, 4th and 5th days of August, at such places as may be designated.

Speaking elsewhere to commence at 1½ o'clock, P. M.

Hon. Geo. M. Thomas, Republican candidate, is invited to attend.

MESSRS. RODMAN'S AND BROWN'S APPOINTMENTS.

Inasmuch as many of the appointments of Messrs. Leslie and Harlan, and Thomas and Carlisle conflict with ours, we are compelled to revoke them and make the following:

Lawrenceburg, Tuesday, July 18.
Harrodsburg, Wednesday, July 19.
Danville, Thursday, July 20.
Stanford, Friday, July 21.
Lancaster, Saturday, July 22.
Richmond, Monday, July 24.
Winchester, Tuesday, July 25.
Carlisle, Wednesday, July 26.
Paris, Thursday, July 27.
Lexington, Friday, July 28.
Versailles, Saturday, July 29.
At Covington, Newport, Frankfort, and Lexington at night; at all other places at 1 o'clock.

JOHN RODMAN.

WM. BROWN.

EX-GOV. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE AND COL. JAMES A. DAWSON.

Will address the people at the following times and places, in defense of the Democratic party. Let the misses turn out:

Burksville, Saturday, July 22.
Albany, Monday, July 24.
Jamestown, Wednesday, July 26.
Columbia, Thursday, July 27.
Greensburg, Friday, July 28.
Campbellsville, Saturday, July 29.
Hodgenville, Monday, July 31.
Elizabethtown, Tuesday, August 1.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROF. W. O. CROCKETT'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

WILL OPEN ON FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, 1871, AND CONTINUE FORTY WEEKS IN SESSION.

Terms—\$20 per session; \$45 in advance, the balance on the expiration of 20 weeks.

July 15th-25th.

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF WALCUTT & MCKEE HAVING made an assignment to me of all their property, for the benefit of their creditors, all persons indebted to the said firm, by note, account, or otherwise, are hereby notified that they will be required to pay the same to me by the

15th Day of August, 1871.

Suit will be instituted upon all claims remaining unpaid on that day. And all creditors of said firm are requested to file their claims, proven as required by statute in "cases of decedents' estates," before the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1871, for settlement.

FRANK CHINN, Jr.

Assignee of Walcutt & McKee.

FRANKFORT, July 12, 1871-2w

CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS, KY.

REBUILT AND IMPROVED—CAPACITY equal to that of the past season—will be opened to visitors on

MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1871.

The comfort of the Guests has been confided to Mr. A. WALRUTH, of Lexington, assisted by Mrs. THOREL, who, by strenuous exertions, has secured the best of the season's produce, and the Springs, acquired by their management in the summer of 1866 and 1867.

ISAAC SHELBY, JR.

Proprietor.

STEPHENS & MANGAN, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Frankfort, Ky.,

WILL CONTRACT FOR FURNISHING and Laying Brick; and have now on hand Three Hundred Thousand Brick, of superior quality, for sale. June 15-15f.

Rye Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE A FEW THOUSAND Bushels Good Rye, for which the highest price will be paid by

G. B. MACKLIN.

TRIVOLI HOME SCHOOL.

REOPENS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER FOURTH For particular directions apply to the

MISS M. E. KELLY,

Midway, Ky.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, A LARGE & SPLENDID FARM, AND EXTENSIVE AND VARIOUS PERSONAL PROPERTY.

HEALTH REQUIRING ME TO WINTER in Florida, I will sell the Farm on which I reside, containing over seven hundred and eighty acres, situate in Franklin and Woodford Counties, Ky., five miles from Frankfort, on the Railroad to Lexington, and the Turnpike to Versailles, and I can confidently say there is no better farm in Kentucky, all things considered.

The Location is beautiful, convenient, and healthy. The Buildings are elegant, spacious, substantial, and for all appropriate purposes; the Farm being supplied with three other comfortable dwellings and suitable buildings, besides the principal residence.

The Soil was naturally good, and has been kept in a high state of fertility, and is now ready to yield the heaviest crops of hemp, grains, and grasses.

The Water is of all kinds, abundant, and convenient for domestic, stock, and ornamental uses.

The Fencing is of durable materials of various kinds, is in good condition, with timber ample for future supply.

Society is excellent; and religious, educational, and social conveniences abundant and varied.

A Division of the Farm into four parts can be judiciously effected, so that each will have its appropriate dwelling and other buildings; and I will sell separately that part on the north side of the railroad, having superior soil, water, timber, roads, and two sets of buildings, all in good condition.

The Terms will be made easy, after a cash payment of one half of the purchase money at the time of giving possession in October next. Purchasers are invited to inspect the premises in person, or apply by mail for full description.

An Auction Sale will be held on the premises on the 5th of September next, consisting of Durham Cattle, "Improved Kentucky" Sheep, Cashmere Goats, Fattening Hogs, Farm and Saddle Horses, Crops on hand, and Implements of all kinds, which will be duly advertised.

ROBERT W. SCOTT.

FRANKFORT, KY., July 1st, 1871-1f

Proclamation by the Governor \$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that FIELDEN COX stands indicted in Walton County for the murder of James Spencer, on the 24th of May, 1871, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large. Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Fielden Cox, and his delivery to the jailer of Casey county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 10th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 59th year of the Commonwealth.

P. H. LESLIE.

By the Governor: S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Cox is about 30 years old; light hair; about 5 feet 8 inches high; heavy set; a short, red face and blunt nose, and weighs about 150 pounds.

JAS. D. FLYNN. N. J. LEONARD.

MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the public that they have opened a

Marble and Stone Yard, on south side of Main Street, below Todd's Warehouse, and are prepared to do all kinds of Monuments and Tombstones in Italian and American Styles. Orders for building purposes furnished on short notice.

Persons desiring anything in our line would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN.

SAFE PROFITABLE!! PERMANENT!!!

JAY COOKE & CO.

At Par and Accrued Interest the FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT GOLD BONDS

OF THE Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

These bonds are secured, first, by a First Mortgage on the Railroad itself, its rolling stock, and all equipment; second, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-two Thousand acres of land to each mile of Road. The bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and Interest are payable in Gold—the Principal at the end of Thirty years, and the Interest at the rate of SEVEN and THREE TENTHS PER CENT. per annum.

They are issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000, and \$10,000.

The Trustees under the Mortgage are Messrs. Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.

These Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds will, at all times before maturity, be received at THE TRUSTEES' PREMIUM (or 110), in exchange for the Company's lands at their lowest cash price.

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

Some Facts about Intemperance.

The State Board of Health of Massachusetts have embodied in their second annual report some curious facts about intemperance. It seems that drunkenness has been greatly on the increase in France for some time past, and has been productive of much crime and suffering. Downless many of the mad and senseless acts now being committed in Paris, are due to the demon of wine, or some more powerful alcoholic stimulant. Yet drinking does not always seem to produce intemperance; for in Italy every man drinks wine, and some take brandy, rum and beer, yet intemperance is not a prominent evil there. So in Athens, Greece, a city of some 50,000 inhabitants, only 42 deaths from intemperance have occurred in 10 years. In Switzerland they drink beer and wine without evil effects, though the schnapps and potato brandy, the peasant's drink often get them into trouble. At Bremen, too, wine and beer are used in unlimited quantities without evil effects, but in Cologne, 75 per cent. of the crime is traceable to hard drink. In 1868, in Ireland, 76,000 persons were arrested for drunkenness, and the cost of the domestic and foreign spirits consumed was over \$37 50 for every family. In 1869, nearly nine hundred million of gallons of beer and ale were consumed in England and Scotland, besides fifteen million gallons of foreign wine and thirty million gallons of spirits. This immense consumption of liquor causes three fourths of the crime in those countries.

The constant increase of crimes committed under the influence of liquor has led to the introduction of a new licensing law in England, with a view of restricting the sale of liquor by reducing the number of public houses, which now average one to every 182 persons—to say nothing of the wholesale stores, or those where liquor is sold not to be drunk on the premises. There is quite an extensive total abstinence party in Great Britain, but the most it has ever attempted, in the way of legislation, was to try to have a law passed granting to a certain majority of the tax-payers of a community power to prohibit the sale of liquor within its limits. In the course of the debate on this licensing bill, reference was made to the fact that in Württemberg, where the Government owns all the liquor stores, placing them in charge of a Government officer. It is made the interest of this official to sell as little liquor and as much coffee and tea as possible, since he is allowed a per centage on all sales of these milder beverages. Such a plan would hardly work well, either in this country or in England; but it is said to be a valuable auxiliary in promoting sobriety among the Württembergers.

It is noteworthy in this connection, that at a recent meeting of the superintendents and directors of the inebriate asylums, held in Philadelphia, an association was formed for the cure of inebriates. In the declaration of the principles of this association, it was set forth that "intemperance is a disease, curable in the same sense as the other diseases of the body," and that "every large city should have its local or temporary home for inebriates, and that the law should recognize intemperance as a disease."

This view of the case seems to be gaining ground with the public; but it will take many years to work it out in all its practical bearings. Inebriate homes are certainly springing up all over the country, and many who enter them as patients are retained as officers and managers, or become connected with similar reformatory institutions. It is also a significant fact, that a bill has been introduced in the Pennsylvania Legislature, proposing to grant permission to persons to record before a magistrate a pledge to abstain from drinking intoxicating liquors, and punishing a breach of the pledge so recorded by imprisonment. The plan of treating inebriates as diseased persons at once raises them from the condition of abandoned wretches, and entitles them to the same consideration we extend to the insane. It would seem, therefore, that while intemperance is still the cause of more than half of the crimes committed in the world, the unfortunate who have acquired a thirst for intoxicating drink have a better chance for reformation now than ever before, which is a gratifying and decided step in advance.

The Boy of the Period.

Everybody has seen the boy of the period. His face hangs on the show-board in front of the photographers. He is on exhibition for awhile every fair evening on the corners of conspicuous streets. He is carefully and exquisitely dressed, wears delicate kids; twirls a light stick; puffs a fragrant cigar; eyes every young lady that may chance to pass, and gives his opinion of her at once while her cheeks are in reach. Having finished his street performance, he lounges into a billiard saloon, flourishes his cue, drinks his drinks, pays for them with ostentatious parade of his indifference to money, and then sallies out in search of home or of some other place.

The boy of the period is a great reader. He is familiar with "Our Best Society," "The Day's Doings," and all the pictorial literature which draws its embellishments from a solid imagination. He detests reading of a low kind, and finds in the leading daily prints, but if he fails to find in them some novel sensation record of crime, he tosses them away in disdain. He has heard of the library, but deems it of no use to him—it may serve plodding blockheads very well.

The boy of the period is a genius. He is above work, and has a clerkship; but he has no intention of passing his years in the dull routine of a profession, trade, or craft. He is too smart for all that. He needs money, for he has the habit of a spendthrift.

Chance is Protean. Honesty is straight-forward, and has a single eye. The boy of the period worships chance, and waits daily at her shrine. At length he sails in; makes a venture, in some form, and luck, the deceiver, at first is on his side. Suddenly luck has turned against him. He fights against a luck desperately; founders into a crime; is detected, arrested, imprisoned, and punished. Then the boy of the period gets his face into the rogues' gallery, and himself among the criminal classes.

Such is a brief outline of the biography which very nearly describes the line of life along which a good many young men are traveling. A little reflection on their part might induce them to choose a better and safer path.

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.
Governor—PRESTON H. LESLIE.
Secretary of State—SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL.
Assistant Secretary of State—W. T. SAMUELS.
Attorney General—JOHN RODMAN.
Auditor—D. HOWARD SMITH.
Treasurer—JAMES W. TATE.
Register—JAMES A. DAWSON.
Superintendent Public Instruction—Z. F. SMITH.
Adjutant General—J. STODDARD JOHNSTON.
Quartermaster General—FAYETTE HEWITT.
Librarian—GEORGE B. CRITTENDEN.
Keeper of Penitentiary—J. W. SOUTH.
Public Printer—S. I. M. MAJOR.
Public Binder—JOHN MARTIN, JR.

COURT OF APPEALS.
Chief Justice—GEORGE ROBERTSON.
Associate Judges—M. R. HARDIN, B. J. PETERS, and W. M. LINDSEY.
Reporter—W. P. D. BUSH.
Clerk—ALVIN DUVAL.

CITY DIRECTORY.
Mayor—E. H. TAYLOR, JR.
Police Judge—JOHN B. MAJOR.
Clerk—S. C. SAYRES.
Attorney—JOHN W. RODMAN.
Treasurer—J. R. GRAHAM.
Marshal—H. H. BYRNE.
Board Common Councilmen—E. H. TAYLOR, JR., A. G. BRAWNER, JAS. G. DUDLEY, B. F. MEER, A. J. JAMES, W. P. D. BUSH, L. TOBIN, M. H. P. WILLIAMS.
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L. HALY, J. G. HATCHETT.

FRANKLIN CIRCUIT COURT.
Judge—HON. W. S. PRYOR.
Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD.
Clerk—WALTER FRANKLIN.
Sheriff—JOSEPH ROBERTSON.
Jailer—ROBERT W. LAWLER.
Assessor—PETER JETT.
Coroner—J. R. GRAHAM.
Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Fiscal Term—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term—Last Monday in January.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT.
Presiding Judge—R. A. THOMSON.
Clerk—JAMES G. CROCKETT.
County Attorney—IRA JULIAN.
Court convenes first Monday in each month.
Franklin County Quarterly Court—Holds its terms on the second Monday in January, April, July, and October.
JUSTICES' COURTS.
First District. Geo. W. Gwin—Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Philip Swigert—First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. F. D. Reddish, Constable.
Second District. B. F. Head—Fourth Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. C. Hughes—On Saturday after the First Monday in March, June, September, and December. James Hughes, Constable.
Third District. William Morris—On First Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. William Wigginton—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flournoy Satterwhite, Constable.
Fourth District. U. V. Williams and John W. Jackson—Both on First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. B. Harrod, Constable.
Fifth District. Joseph Harrod—Fourth Friday in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—On Third Friday in March, June, September, and December. George Harrod, Constable.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.
M. E. CHURCH, S. LUTHER—Rev. T. J. DODD, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Class Meeting—immediately after morning service.
Sunday School—2½ P. M.
Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M.
Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9½ A. M.
Stewards' meetings—Monday 7 P. M.
Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. J. H. NESBITT, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—2 P. M. Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M.
CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Eld. T. N. ARNOLD, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.
CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. L. YOUNG. Sunday services—8 A. M.; 10½ A. M. Divine service every morning at 7.
ASCENSION CHURCH (P. E.)—L. C. LANCE, Rector. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School—9½ A. M. Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M.
BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D. Pastor. Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM CROMLEY,
WHOLESALE
PAPER DEALER,
And Agent for the sale
GUN POWDER,
Manufactured by the
ORIENTAL & MIAMI POWDER CO'S,
250 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
CASH PAID FOR RAGS
A full supply of Sporting, Rifle, and Blasting Powder and Patent Safety Fuse always on hand.
sept27-tf

U. S. HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
BURTON & STOCKTON, Proprietors.
This Hotel is being
REFITTED & FURNISHED.
nov27-tf

WHITE & COCHRANE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
NO. 214 (OLD NO. 603) MAIN STREET
LOUISVILLE, KY.
If Goods at Eastern manufacturers' prices, for cash.
jan9-tf

O. F. C.
Hand-Made Sour-Mash Whisky,
For Use of the Family and the Druggist.
ITS PURITY AND SUPERIORITY (SO WELL known and appreciated in this community) especially commend it for the above uses.
jan9-tf

MEDICAL.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.

ON GREAT SOCIAL EVILS AND ABUSES,
WHICH INTERFERE WITH MARRIAGE
with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letters, and by mail, to all Druggists, and HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia Pa. m317-wkts3m

Cherokee Pills No. 2
These Pills are an unfailing Female Regulator, intended for special cases; those obstinate ones where milder and cheaper medicines fail.
They are composed of the most active and powerful principles of plants, roots and berries, so highly concentrated, that a single pill contains more medicinal strength than a whole box of ordinary dollar medicine in the market. Although powerful, yet so mild and pleasant in their operation, that the most feeble can take them with perfect safety.
Price, 25¢ per box, sold by all Druggists.
All letters seeking information or advice, will be promptly answered.

Vegetable Cure
Cures all diseases caused by self-abuse, viz: Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, Unpleasant Lassitude, Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Weakness of the Bladder, Incontinence, Pale Countenance, Insanity, Consumption, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of youthful indiscretions. Each package contains one bottle filled with Sugar-coated Pills, and one vial filled with Medicated Powders, sufficient to make one-half pint of injection; and one Syringe.
Price, \$5 per package, by mail, \$5 50. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Vegetable Remedy
The great Indian Diuretic cures all diseases of the Urinary Organs, such as Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Catarrh of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture, Gravel, Gonorrhea, Gleet and all other Urinary Affections. Each package contains one bottle filled with Sugar-coated Pills, and one vial filled with Medicated Powders, sufficient to make one-half pint of injection; and one Syringe.
Price, \$5 per package, by mail, \$5 50. Sold by Druggists everywhere.
We desire to send our thirty-two page pamphlet, entitled "Man and Woman as Invalids," to every reader of this paper. Send address, with Stamp to pay return postage, and address as follows:
ST. LOUIS MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,
117 NORTH SIXTH STREET,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
apr27-1yr

WARNER'S PILE REMEDY.
Warner's Pile Remedy has never failed (not even in one case) to cure the worst cases of Hemorrhoids, or Pile Disease. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their Druggist and get WARNER'S PILE REMEDY. It is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of Piles, years standing. Price One Dollar. For sale by druggists every where.

DYSPEPSIA.
Warner's Dyspepsia Tonic is prepared expressly for Dyspepsia and those suffering with habitual Constipation. It is a slightly stimulating tonic and a splendid appetite; it strengthens the stomach and restores the digestive organs to their healthy state. Weak, nervous, and dyspeptic persons should use WARNER'S DYSPEPSIA TONIC. For sale by druggists. Price One Dollar.

COUGH NO MORE
Warner's Cough Balsam is a healing, softening and expectorating. The extraordinary power it possesses in immediately relieving, and eventually curing, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh Hoarseness, Asthma, and Consumption is almost incredible. No prompt relief and certain cure is effected in all the above cases, or any affection of the throat and lungs, that thousands of physicians are daily prescribing it, and all say that it is the most healing and expectorating medicine known. One dose always affords relief, and in most cases one bottle effects a cure. Sold by druggists in large bottles. Price One Dollar. It is your own fault if you still cough and suffer. The Balsam will cure.

WINE OF LIFE.
The Great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink Warner's Vinum Vitæ, or Wine of Life, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who desire to keep the stomach, bowels, spleen and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever made for the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine, bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is, in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloons. Price One Dollar, in quart bottles.

EMMENAGOGUE.
Warner's Emmenagogue is the only article known to cure the Whites (it is a cure in every case). Where the family in which this important medicine is wanted? Mothers, this is the greatest blessing ever offered to women, and should immediately procure it. It is also a sure cure for Female Irregularities, and may be depended upon in every case where the monthly flow is irregular, or is too cold or too hot. Sold by druggists. Price One Dollar. Or sent by mail on receipt of One Dollar and a Quarter.

Address 619 State St., Chicago, Ill.
aug25-wkts-ly

In Medicine Purity is the first Consideration
DR. W. H. HALL
MANSION BLOCK.
St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.
HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK
and Cincinnati a large and well selected stock of
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, &c.
which, for purity and price, he defies competition.
Also Ladies and Gentlemen's
TOILET ARTICLES, COMBS, RUBBER and BUFFALO HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, INFANT BRUSHES, SHAVING BRUSHES, and TOOTH BRUSHES.
French Extracts for the Handkerchief,
TOILET SOAPS, POCKET MONIES, POCKET BOOKS, CARD CASES, PURE OLD WHISKY, WINES, and BRANDY.
For Medicinal and Family use.
Physicians' Prescriptions Compounded with care.
may3-tf

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that A. D. BROWN stands charged with the murder of Hardy Solomon, in Trigg county, on the 17th day of April, 1871, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said A. D. Brown, and his delivery to the Jail of Trigg county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 17th day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.
Brown is about 35 years old; 6 feet 4 or 5 inches high; light complexion; fair, light beard; shows his teeth in talking; teeth uneven and rough; stoops or leans forward in walking or standing.
m315-3m

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
To the Sheriff of Kenton County, Greeting:
WHEREAS, a vacancy exists in the Twenty-Fourth Senatorial District, composed of the County of Kenton, in the State of Kentucky, caused by the resignation of Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE, you are therefore commanded to cause polls to be opened at the several places of voting in said County of Kenton on MONDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1871, for the purpose of electing a qualified person to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation aforesaid, and make due return thereof to the Secretary of State, according to law.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 16th day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.
W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that a party of armed and unknown men forced open the Jail of Frankfort county on the night of the 24th February, 1871, and released therefrom Thompson Scroggins, charged with murder, and are now fugitives from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and conviction of said parties aforesaid, named, and their delivery to the Jail of Frankfort county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 16th day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.
W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$300 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that ALFRED UNDERWOOD is charged with horse stealing, &c., in Fleming Circuit Court, and is now a fugitive from justice going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of Alfred Underwood, and his delivery to the Jail of Fleming county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$300 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that JOHN DAVIS stands charged with the murder of Ben. Davis in Calloway county, on the 30th of April, 1871, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of John Davis, and his delivery to the Jail of Calloway county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$400 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that FINNIS SMITH, WM. BAKER, ROBERT ELKIN, and MCGINNIS TWEDDLE are charged with the crime of arson in Livingston county (houses burning), and are now fugitives from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR each for the apprehension of FINNIS SMITH, WM. BAKER, ROBERT ELKIN and MCGINNIS TWEDDLE, and their delivery to the Jail of Livingston county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 29th day of April, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.
W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.


\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that ELIJAH HALSEY and ALEXANDER LUTTRELL stand indicted in the Fayette Circuit Court with the murder of Benjamin A. Muir, 18th February, 1862, and are now fugitives from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS each for the apprehension of ELIJAH HALSEY and ALEXANDER LUTTRELL, and their delivery to the Jail of Fayette county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of April, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.


PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that ELIJAH HALSEY and ALEXANDER LUTTRELL stand indicted in the Fayette Circuit Court with the murder of Benjamin A. Muir, 18th February, 1862, and are now fugitives from justice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS each for the apprehension of ELIJAH HALSEY and ALEXANDER LUTTRELL, and their delivery to the Jail of Fayette county.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of April, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.
P. H. LESLIE.
By the Governor:
SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

GROCERIES, &c.

NEW GROCERY
L. W. GLORE,
HAVING bought out John W. Bartlett, has filled up his stock, and now has a large and well-selected assortment of
Family Groceries,
which he will sell at very low figures for cash. In addition to his Grocery Stock, he will keep a full supply of
Baker's Bread, Confectionaries, Nuts, Fruits &c. Also Fresh Meats, Fowls, and Vegetables of all kinds.
dec-tf

NEW BACON!

WALKER STEPHENS!
DIRECTIONS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF the citizens of Frankfort to the fact that he has an excellent supply of
GOOD BACON
of his own curing, and which he can recommend as a superior article. Those wishing good Bacon can find it at his meat store, on St. Clair street, under Commonwealth office.
jan14-tf

NEW BACON.

L. TOBIN
HAS for sale an excellent article of New Bacon of
His Own Curing
which he will sell at Louisville prices. He asks friends and customers to call and examine it.
dec-tf

NEW FIRM!
A. L. McKEE having purchased the interest of W. H. GRAY, or the firm of
GRAY & WALCUTT,
The firm will be known as
Walcutt & McKee,
Who will conduct the business at the old stand. We invite an inspection of our stock, and pledge ourselves to sell at as
LOW RATES
As they can be bought anywhere in the city. We will always keep on hand a choice and well-selected Stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES
Give us a call.
2 tf
WALCUTT & McKEE.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.
GEO. SALENDER
HAS OPENED A FAMILY GROCERY ON THE corner of High and Broadway streets, where he will keep constantly on hand the best quality of Family Groceries, Liquors, Queensware, Nuts, Cakes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
It is fresh Bread constantly on hand.
mar15-3m

NEW ALE HOUSE
AUGUST STAPENHORST
HAS opened a new Ale House on High Street, near the corner of Main Street. He will keep a fine supply of the best Ales in the bottle. He will deliver to those who may want it, MADISON XX, at their residences, at the
LOWEST PRICES.
dec
A. STAPENHORST
Grate Setting & Hearth Laying.
RICHARD M. GOSNEY
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, to do any kind of Brick Laying, Grate setting, Hearth Laying, or Repairing.
dec3-tf

ICE! ICE! ICE!


I WILL COMMENCE DELIVERING ICE ON the FIRST DAY OF MAY, and as prepared new to furnish to consumers in advance, on application at my residence, St. Clair Street, north of the State House.
feb27-tf
SANFORD GOIN.
BRIEFS neatly printed at Yeoman Office.

INSURANCE.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
IN THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES:
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE.
HOME OF CONNECTICUT.
SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE OF KENTUCKY.
JAS. A. DAWSON,
Agent, Frankfort.
sep19-tf

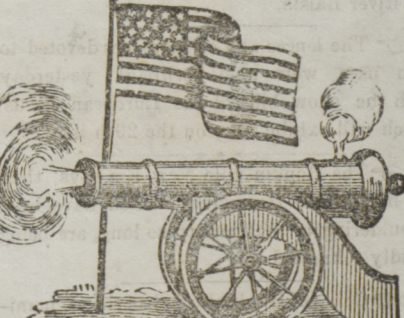
MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF ST. LOUIS, MO.
JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
S. H. BUCKNER, Secretary.
S. W. LOMAX, Assistant Secretary.
C. G. McHATTON, General Agent.
W. E. HARVEY, Consulting Actuary.
WM. HATCH, Medical Officer.
BRANCH BOARD OF TRUSTEES, LOUISVILLE, KY.
JAMES BRIDGEFORD, President.
JAMES C. JOHNSTON, Vice President.
HENRY W. GRAY, Secretary.
WM. H. MEHREWETHER, Trustee.
F. LOUIS SCHROEDER, Trustee.
COO. PHIL. LEE, Trustee.
JAMES S. BARRETT, Trustee.
P. DE B. ORMSBY GRAY, Trustee.
ROBERT J. ELLIOTT, Trustee.
WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Trustee.

All Policies non-forfeitable after payment of one annual premium.
Nett proceeds of business in this State to be invested in this State, under advice of Branch Board of Trustees.
J. A. GRANT,
Ago for Franklin county.
Dr. W. B. RODMAN, Medical Examiner.
nov25-tf

UNDERTAKERS-FURNITURE.
JOHN R. GRAHAM,

St Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.
DEALER IN
Metalic Burial Caskets and Cases, and Wooden Coffins, and Coffin Furnishing Materials.
I HAVE, AND WILL CONTINUE TO KEEP, the largest and best selected stock of
METALIC BURIAL CASES AND CASES
Ever offered in this City. Also any style of Wooden Coffin, ready made, or furnished to order as desired.
Great Horses and Careful Drivers in Attendance in or out of the City at any Hour.
Individuals or families can feel assured that all orders entrusted to me will be carefully and promptly attended to.
Special inducements are offered to
UNDERTAKERS
In or out of the city either for Caskets, Cases, Coffins or Trimmings.
dec16-tf

KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL,
FRANKFORT, KY.
E. M. MURCH, A. M., Principal.
THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on
Monday, February 6th, 1871.
TUITION.
For Boys, \$100 per Session of 10 mos.
For Girls, \$75 per Session of 10 mos.
Payable half yearly in advance.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.
JOHN WALCUTT, R. I. TODD,
GRANT GREEN, THO. AS. RODMAN,
J. G. DUDLEY, D. W. LINDSEY,
B. B. SAYRE, W. J. CHINN,
E. H. TAYLOR, JR.
It is the intention of the Board of Managers, and Incorporators of this School, among whom are many of the first citizens of Frankfort and Franklin county, to make it equal in all respects to any in the country. Teachers of the highest order of talents and skill, as instructors, will have charge of the several departments. Superior accommodations will be provided for pupils from a distance. All applications for admission must be made to the Treasurer.
Further information may be obtained by addressing the President or any one of the Board of Managers.
E. H. TAYLOR, JR., President.
GRANT GREEN, Treasurer.
jan19-d&wtf

CLASSICAL SCHOOL.
I SHALL open a Classical School on Main Street in the house known as the Campbell House on
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27TH, 1870.
All the ordinary branches of an English education will be taught, besides the Latin, Greek, French, and German languages; and the students will be prepared to enter the junior class of our best colleges. I have satisfactory credentials which I shall be happy to show to any person who may feel an interest in such matters.
Tuition for 40 weeks, seventy-five dollars (\$75.00), payable monthly or quarterly in advance.
WM. THERMOND.
P. S. I should be glad to teach a night class if could get on charge enough to pay for the trouble.
sep27-tf

ICE! ICE! ICE!

I WILL COMMENCE DELIVERING ICE ON the FIRST DAY OF MAY, and as prepared new to furnish to consumers in advance, on application at my residence, St. Clair Street, north of the State House.
feb27-tf
SANFORD GOIN.
BRIEFS neatly printed at Yeoman Office.